

Senior Laboratory

PHYS 493L, Fall 2026

Lab Time: Tuesdays & Thursdays, 8am-10:50am

Lab Location: PAIS 1417

Lectures and Group Meetings: as needed during
10am-10:50am (PAIS 1405)

Instructor: Tara Drake

Email: drakete@unm.edu

Offices: PAIS 2234 and CHTM 118B

Teaching Assistant: Yinmiao Wang

Email: yinmiao@unm.edu

Senior Lab 493L

Overview

Lab course: experiments in particle physics and atomic molecular and optics (AMO) for advanced undergraduates. Students will perform experiments related to:

- Quantization and Wave-particle duality
- Nuclear decay, lifetime measurements, and particle physics
- Photon and coincidence counting
- Atomic structure and laser physics
- Interferometry and metrology

Goals

- Develop independent problem-solving and experiment planning and execution
- Strengthen facility with research laboratory equipment and techniques
- Learn/practice effective technical writing and oral presentation skills

Senior Lab 493L

Course Structure

- Current enrollment: 9
- Work in pairs
- Each student completes 4 experimental modules from 5 available
- Oral presentation (a lecture for classmates)
- Homework/Classwork as assigned

Big Idea:

Setting up the first table in a new ____ lab

Lab “guides” not lab manuals

Troubleshooting and independent research expected

Interaction with instructor and TA expected and welcome

Experimental modules

4 modules required

~7 sessions per experiment

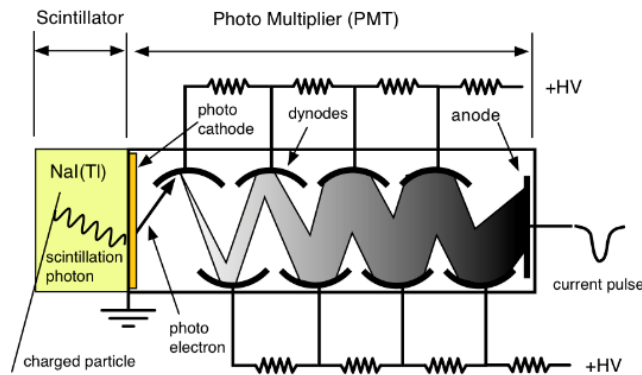
Final manuscript due 1 week after

- **Nuclear physics**
- **Wavemeter**
- **Single photon diffraction**
- **Laser velocimetry**
- **Saturated Absorption Spectroscopy**

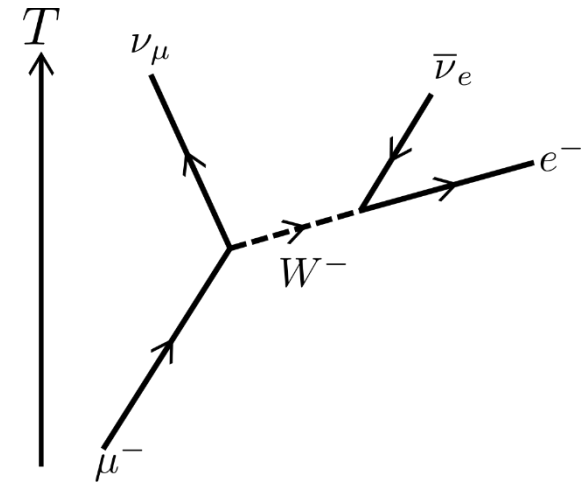
Nuclear physics: Muon decay

Concepts:

- Pion and muon physics
- Weak nuclear force
- Photomultiplier tubes and photon counting
- Coincidence events
- Event identification in particle physics



Muon decay: Weak interactions



The muon a [constituent](#) of [cosmic-ray](#) particle “showers”. 1936 [Carl D. A.](#) and S. Neddermeyer.

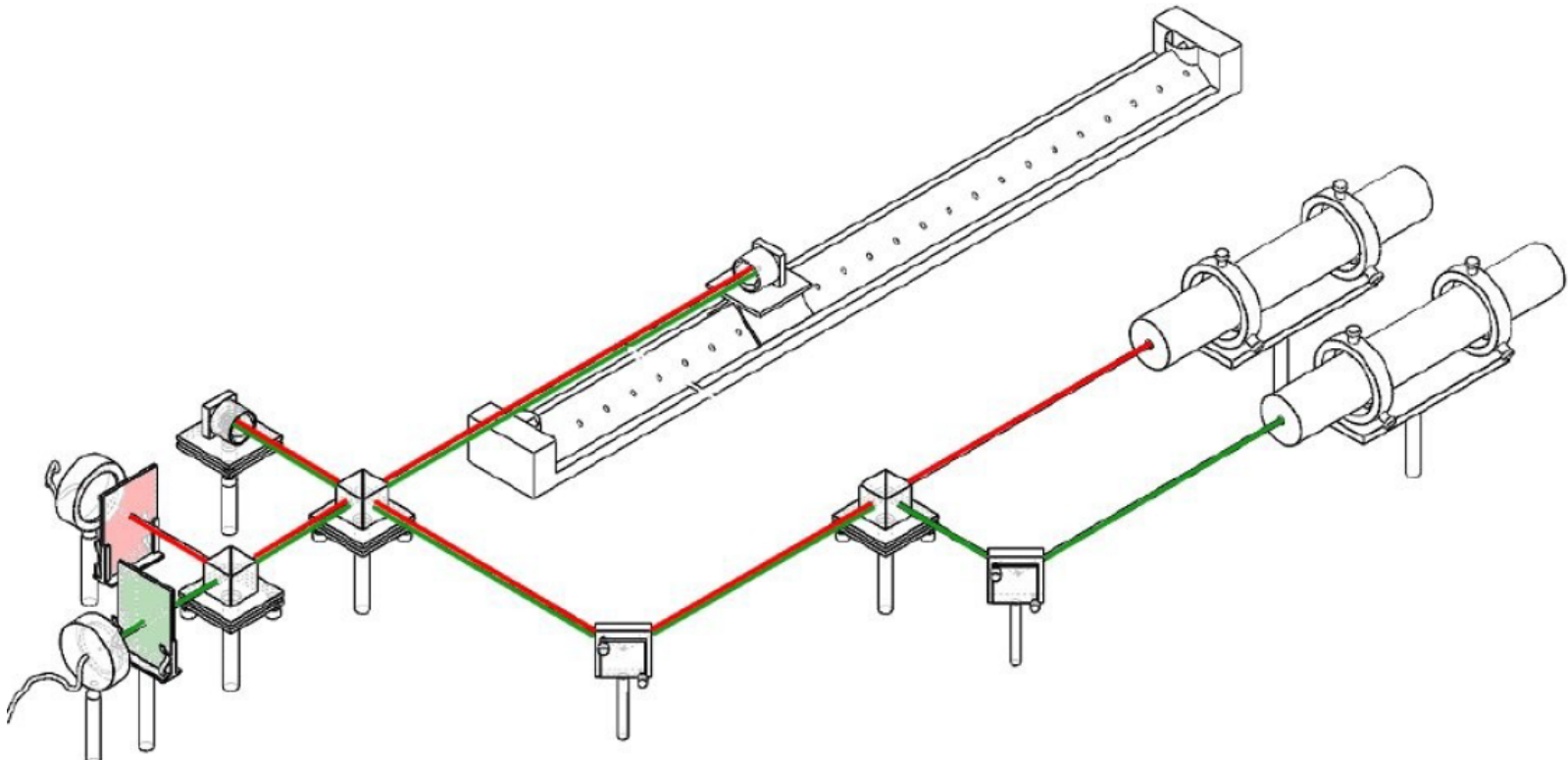
$$\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\mu$$

$$\mu^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu$$

Wavemeter

Using a known reference laser, measure an arbitrary/unknown wavelength using interference

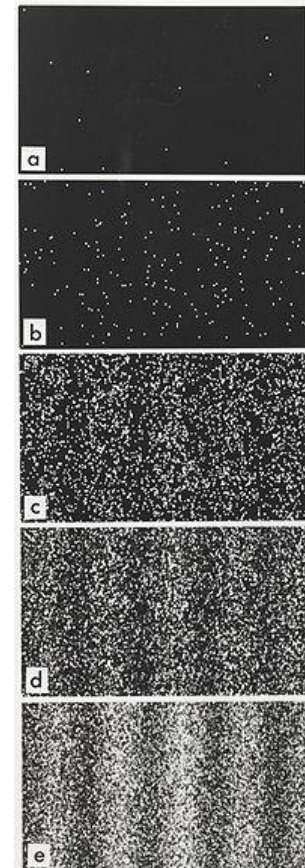
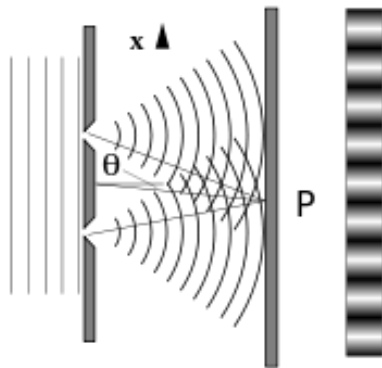
Beam alignment; interferometry; stability; precision in frequency metrology



Single photon interference

Concepts:

- Wave-particle duality
- Photon flux
- Calibration
- Photon counting/photon statistics
- Diffraction of particles



Laser velocimetry

i.e. “Speed Measurement by Optical Techniques

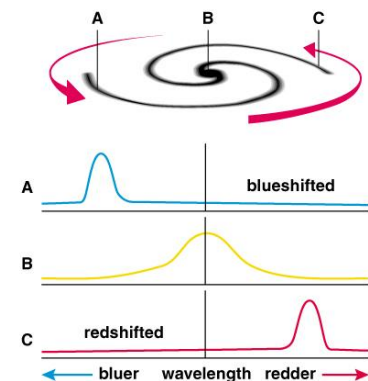
Using interference and the Doppler effect to measure velocity

Concepts:

- Doppler shift
- Interferometry and optical beam alignment
- Optical path length calculations
- Frequency modulation detection techniques
- Laser surface velocimetry



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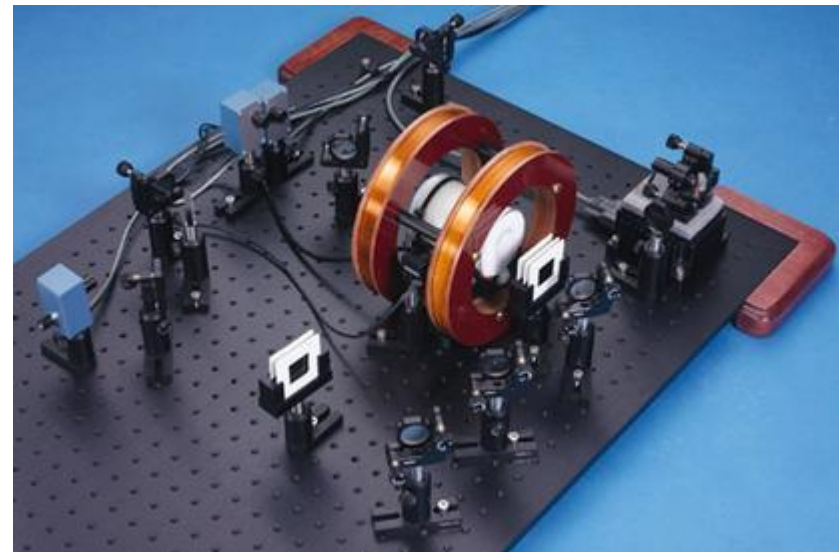
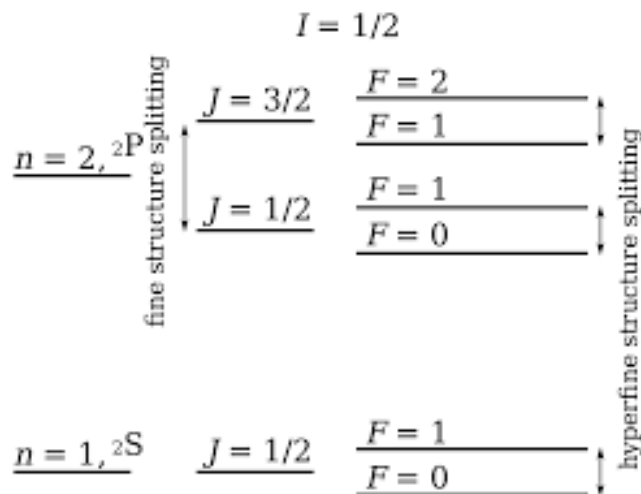
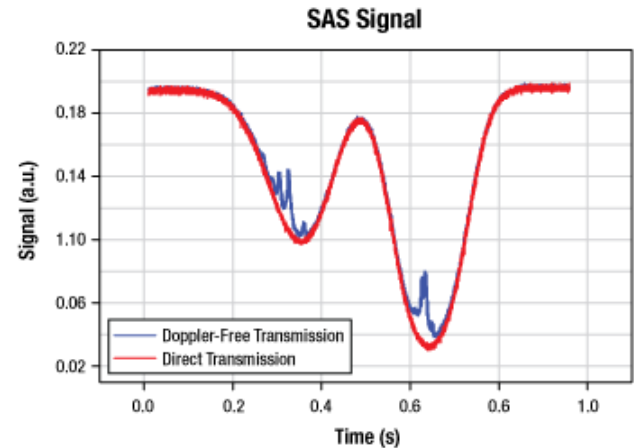
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Saturated Absorption Spectroscopy

Sensitive laser absorption spectroscopy in Rb atoms

Concepts:

- External cavity diode lasers
- Doppler broadening
- Fine and hyperfine structure of alkali atoms
- Interferometry as a frequency reference
- Optical beam alignment



Grading

Schedule (subject to revision)

Date	Description
9/15 (T)	1st Manuscript due
10/13 (T)	2nd Manuscript due
11/11 (R)	3rd Manuscript due
12/4 (F)	4th Manuscript due

Class Participation + Lab Notebook	15%
4 Formal Manuscripts (15% each)	60%
Homework & Classwork	10%
Presentation	15%
Total	100%

Late work policy: Late manuscripts will be marked down one full letter grade for each class that passes after report is due. (Report is due on specified date at 7:59 am.)

In some cases, it will be possible to resubmit a report with revisions for more credit.

Please check course website for schedule updates.

Class Participation

Lab notebooks will count towards participation.

Attendance will also count towards participation. Discuss any *expected* absences with me ASAP.

Unexpected absences: Illness and emergencies happen. If at all possible, you must inform me and your lab partner before class if you will not be there. (However, habitual absences will not be tolerated.)

In the case of any absence, expected or not, you must negotiate a fair split of work with your lab partner. You and your partner will inform me of your agreement.

Lab Notebook

Each group maintains an Electronic Lab Notebook (google docs)

All students are expected to bring a laptop to each class. (See me with any problems.)

At the beginning of every experiment, each group will begin a Google Doc to serve as lab notebook for that experiment and share it with **drakete@unm.edu** and **yinmiao@unm.edu**.

The lab notebook should be detailed, clear, complete, and updated every class. You will be graded on the completeness and clarity of your notes--**using your lab notebook, a third party should be able to reproduce your work.**

The instructors will look at your lab notebook each week to gauge your preparedness and progress; this will count towards your class participation grade.

Class Participation: “Group Meetings”

For the final hour of class, I will either present a lecture on a relevant topic or everyone will give the class an update on their experiment. In most cases, the update will have a specific topics (i.e. introduce your experiment, present a completed figure for peer review, etc.).

Take note: On 9/10, I will ask everyone to present one data figure from their manuscript to the class.

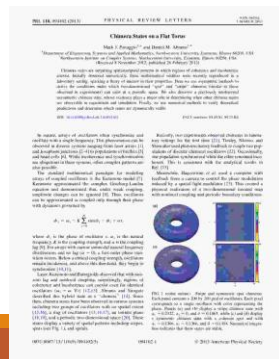
Preparing a Journal Article on your experiment

Purpose: Gain familiarity with formal writing style of scientific journals.

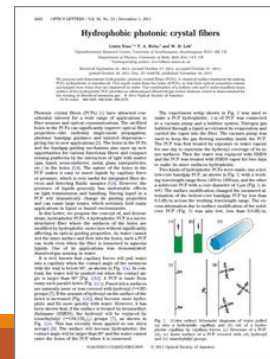
- Each student produces a separate formal report based on experiment.
- Students in the same group are expected to have the same raw data, but writing and data analysis will be done individually. Students should work together to discuss how to complete analysis and peer edit the manuscripts.
- Reports should follow the style of a scientific journal.
- Students are expected to create a free Overleaf.com account and prepare their manuscript in LaTeX. Using a template from a journal such as PRL is very helpful!

→ In a future lecture, I will review the expected sections and style of a scientific manuscript prepared for submission to a peer-reviewed journal. A document with guidelines available on class website.

Phys. Rev. Lett.



Opt. Lett.



Oral Presentation

Prepare and present a **~25 minute lesson** based on an important concept and/or technique used in this class. Presentations will be given during the second half of the course (after fall break).

Purpose

- Strengthen your understanding of an important concept
- Strengthen your communication and presentation skills
- Think how to present a laboratory technique/science to a broad audience

Topics will relate directly to PHYS493L experiments.

A practice lecture with me is required.

In addition to the lecture, you will prepare a short “classwork” assignment for your classmates based on your lecture. (due 1 week before lecture)

Oral Presentation

Potential topics:

- Hyperfine structure
- Impedance matching in detection
- Hong-Ou-Mandel experiment: quantum photon statistics
- Doppler-free spectroscopy
- The Rossi-Hall muon experiment
- Precision and uncertainty in (a) fundamental constant(s)
- The 2019 redefinition of SI units
- ...

Oral Presentations

- Final presentations will be 11/5 – 11/19
- Practice presentations will be 10/29 – 11/12

Homework/Classwork

Some lectures will come with homework (error analysis and fitting, for example).

- Due 1 week after lecture (or at the end of lecture, if appropriate).
- These are short assessments to gauge understanding of material.

Lab Notebook

Each group maintains an Electronic Lab Notebook (google docs)

All students are expected to bring a laptop to each class. (See me with any problems.)

At the beginning of every experiment, each group will begin a Google Doc to serve as lab notebook for that experiment and share it with **drakete@unm.edu** and **yinmiao@unm.edu**.

The lab notebook should be detailed, clear, complete, and updated every class. You will be graded on the completeness and clarity of your notes--**using your lab notebook, a third party should be able to reproduce your work.**

The instructors will look at your lab notebook each week to gauge your preparedness and progress; this will count towards your class participation grade.

Lab Notebook Format

At the beginning of **every experiment**, each student will begin a Google Doc to serve as lab notebook for that experiment and share it with **drakete@unm.edu** and **yinmiao@unm.edu**.

Sections of a lab notebook, for each separate experiment:

1. Experimental Plan

- **single entry, when starting a new experiment**

2. New entry for every day in lab

- **7 entries, one per day**

Lab Notebook: Planning the experiment

Prior to beginning a new experiment, you will have read all the way through the manual and decided:

- What tasks must be completed on which days to finish the experiment in the time allotted?
- What data will you be taking for your report (and when)?
- Do you have any questions about the experiment or the physics involved?
- What equipment will you need to start?

Make one entry at the beginning of each experiment where you plan out the work.

Lab Notebook: Daily log

Name, Date (for each new day)

Objective: Your goal(s) for the day

Plan: How you will reach the day's objectives. Your plan of attack.

Expected results/hypothesis: This is a clear if/then statement that defines the independent variables (your inputs, what you will do/change), the dependent variables (your outputs), and what you expect to learn.

Methods: Plan out your work. Explain any procedures. What equipment do you need?

Results: Your data (or a link) and results

- This should include difficulties, how you solved them, and anything that went wrong, as well as what went right.

Analysis: Beyond the data that you present above, this is how you interpret and understand the data. A plot that aggregates and compares your analyzed results is good.

Conclusions: What you accomplished and what you learned.

Reflections and next steps: What will you do next? Were there any interesting or unexpected things you came across? Are you concerned that you should go back and check the validity of some step? Do you see a potential problem on the horizon?

Use **figures, photos, drawings, detailed descriptions of setup**, etc.

Include important information such as **experimental parameters**, etc.

*Remember: A lab notebook is a legal document recording your work and discoveries.

Lab Safety, General

Footwear.- Closed-toed shoes with a low, covered heel.

Electrical.- Some experiments use HV supplies. Look for damaged cables or faulty connections.

No food or drinks.- Do not eat or drink in the laboratory. Any spill can cause irreversible damage to equipment and can cause an accident when working with or near HV equipment.*

Broken or nonworking equipment.- Report any nonfunctioning equipment to the lab instructor or the TA.

Secure room.- Close the door behind you when you leave or you go out of the laboratory for a short period of time.

* I encourage you to bring bottled water and keep it in the provided cubbies. Snacks and water can be taken outside to eat.

Lab Safety, general continued

Broken glass.- Do not deposit chipped or broken glass in normal trash containers. Use a glass bin.

No loose ends.- Tie your shoelaces and long hair must be tied back.

House keeping.- Clean up and make sure everything is safe before you leave. Keep your work area in order. Do not block passages or exits with cables or equipment.

Report any accident or concern to the instructor or TA.

Before doing an experiment.- Talk to the instructor or TA about the safety concerns of each experiment and any special instructions for working with sensitive equipment.

Use caution when handling radioactive material. In most cases, only instructor or TA will handle.

Laser Safety

Training: Complete laser safety training module on <https://learningcentral.unm.edu/>, “Laser Safety Training, UNM PandA”, and send me evidence of completion.

Read laser specifications.

Use laser-safety glasses when needed. (Provided with each laser experiment—get help to find some if not.)

Practice care, communication, and common sense:

- Most laser accidents occur during alignment, and many NOT to those aligning.
- When laser is on, curtains are closed. (Otherwise, communicate to the room, distribute eyewear, and hang notes on doors.)
- Remove jewelry and watches on hands, hanging necklaces, and anything else potentially reflective. Keep cell phones off lab tables and away from beam paths.

Today

1. Email me a list of 3 experiments you would like to do. You can rank by order of preference.
2. Complete laser safety training (pdf in email or UNM Learning Central).
3. I will let you know who is in your group and which experiment you will be doing for module 1.
4. Start a new google doc lab notebook and share it with me and the TA.
5. Read the experiment manual and plan your work for the next module (entry 1 in lab notebook).

